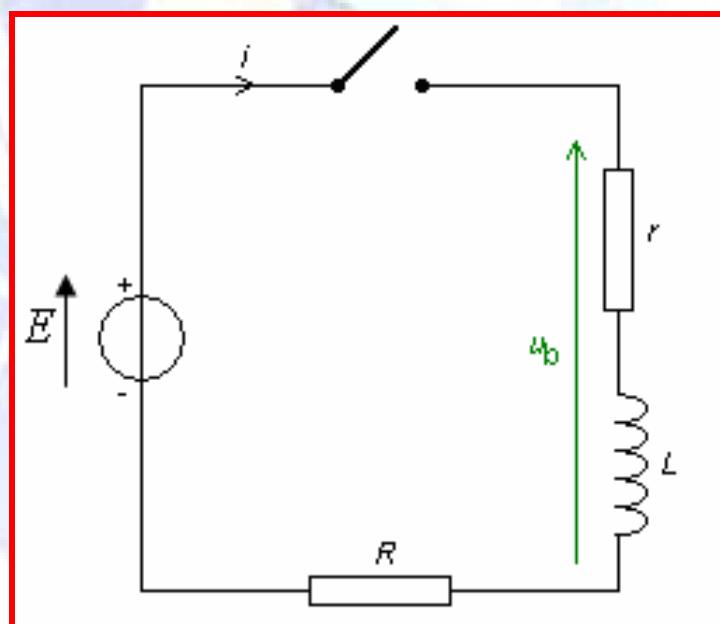


- II



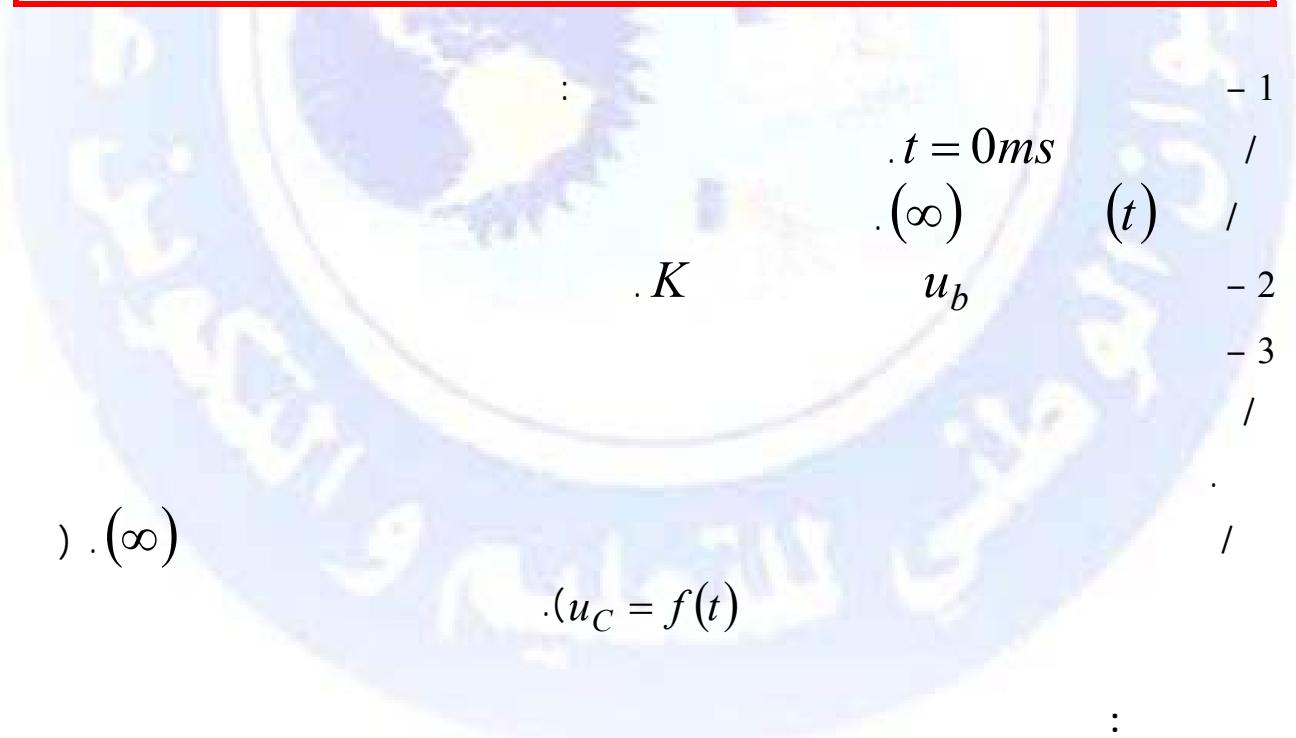
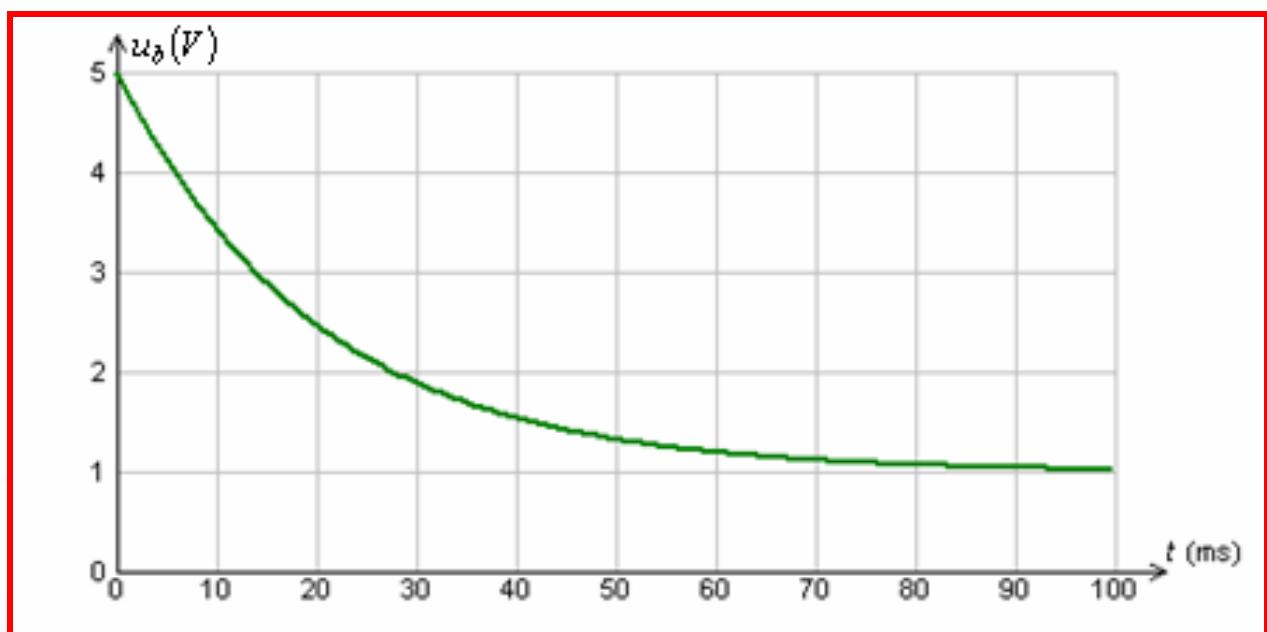
MICROMEDIA

:1



$R = 20\Omega$	$L = 0,5H$	$r = 5\Omega$
$E = 5V$		

100ms

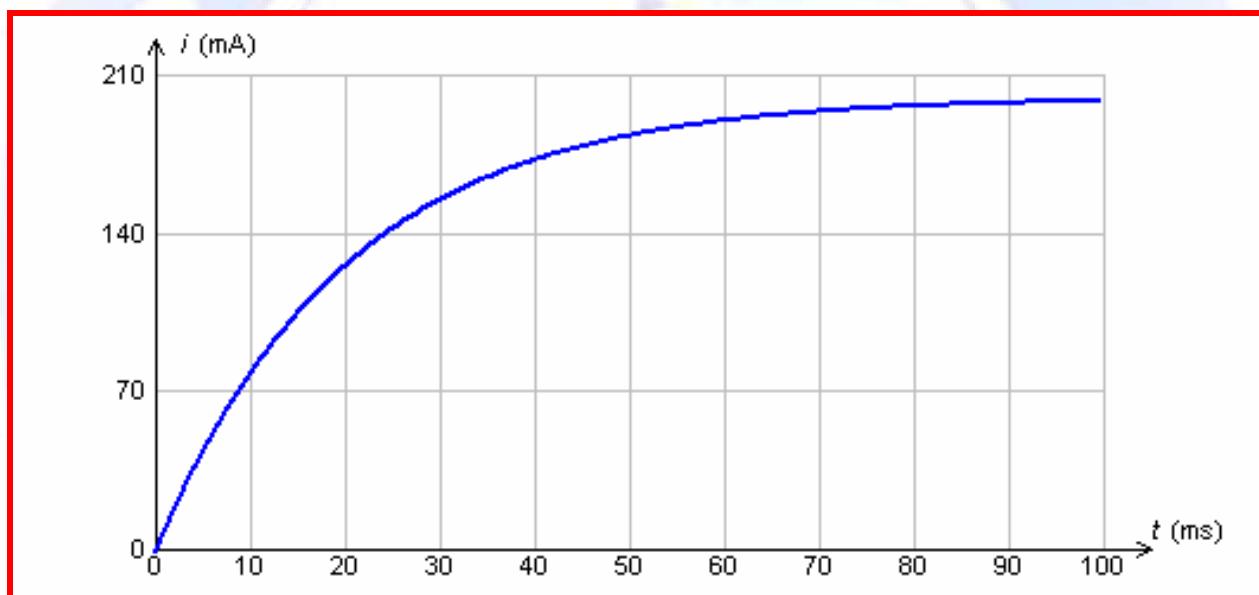


$$u_b(t=0) = 5V \quad /$$
$$u_b(t \rightarrow \infty) = 5V \quad /$$

- 2
/ - 3
 $t = 0$

$u_C = E$ / - 3
:2

100ms



- 1
- 2
- 3
 $t = 0$ $t \rightarrow \infty$

$$\frac{E}{(R + r)} \quad t \rightarrow \infty \quad - 4$$

- 5

(Régime asymptotique) (- 5)

$$K \quad \quad \quad - 6$$

$$RC \quad \quad \quad t = 0 \quad \quad \quad i(t)$$

$$RC \quad \quad \quad RL \quad \quad \quad (\tau) \quad \quad \quad - 7$$

$$i(t) \quad \quad \quad (\tau) \quad \quad \quad . t = 0$$

$$i(t) \quad \quad \quad - 1$$

$$i_0 = \frac{E}{R} \quad \quad \quad - 2$$

$$i(t \rightarrow \infty) = 0,2A \quad \quad \quad i(t = 0) = 0A \quad \quad \quad - 3$$

$$\vdots \quad \quad \quad - 4$$

$$\frac{E}{(R + r)} = \frac{5}{(20 + 5)} = 0,2$$

$$i(t \rightarrow \infty) = \frac{E}{(R + r)}$$

$$r \quad \quad \quad - 5$$

$$u_C(t) \quad \quad \quad t = 0 \quad \quad \quad i(t) \quad \quad \quad - 6$$

$$RC$$

$$t = 0$$

$$i(t)$$

$$\tau = 7$$

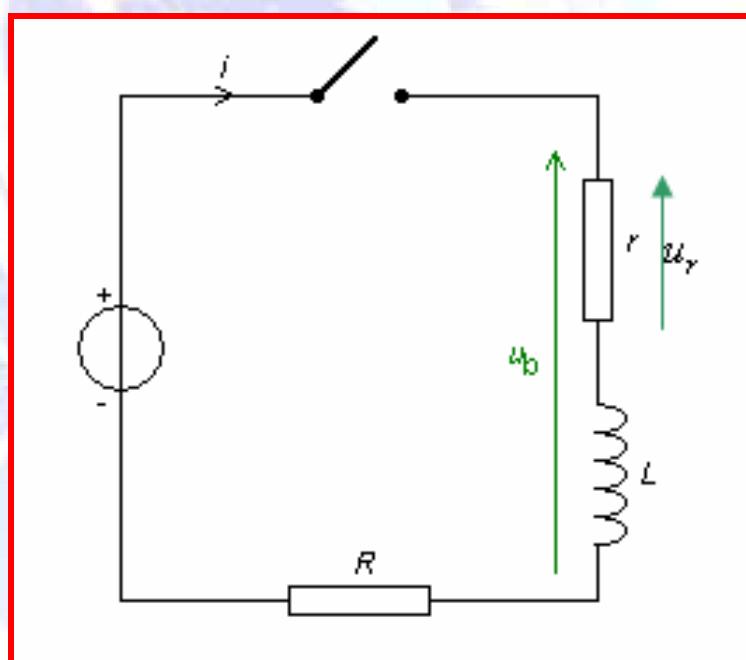
$$i(t)$$

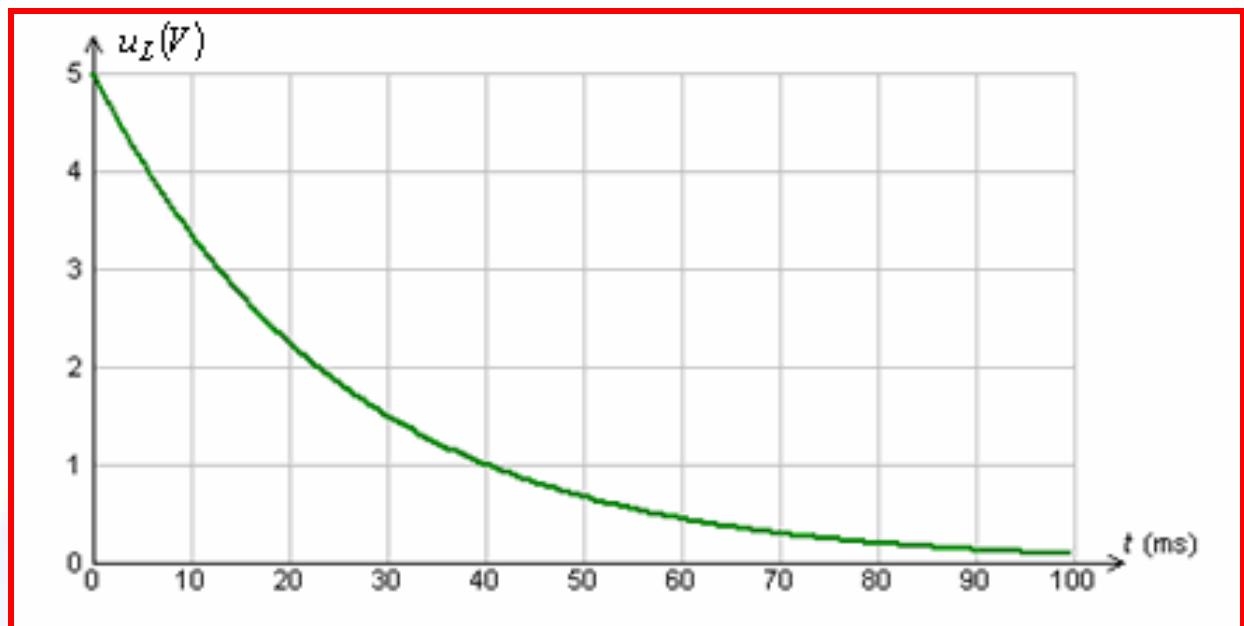
$$i = i(t \rightarrow \infty) = \frac{E}{(R + r)}$$

: 3

:

$R = 20\Omega$	$L = 0,5H$	$r = 0\Omega$	$E = 5V$





$u_L(t)$ $i(t)$ ($r = 0\Omega$) /

$$u_L = L \frac{di}{dt} \quad - 2$$

$$u_L = -L \frac{di}{dt} \quad - 1$$

$$i = -L \frac{du_L}{dt} \quad - 4$$

$$i = L \frac{du_L}{dt} \quad - 3$$

()

/

- 3

:

- 1

$$i = C \frac{du}{dt}$$

1 - 2

$$u_L = L \frac{di}{dt}$$

(Récepteur)

1 - 2

$$u_L = f \left(\frac{di}{dt} \right)$$

L

$$\frac{di}{dt}$$

u_L

t

1 - 3

- 2

C

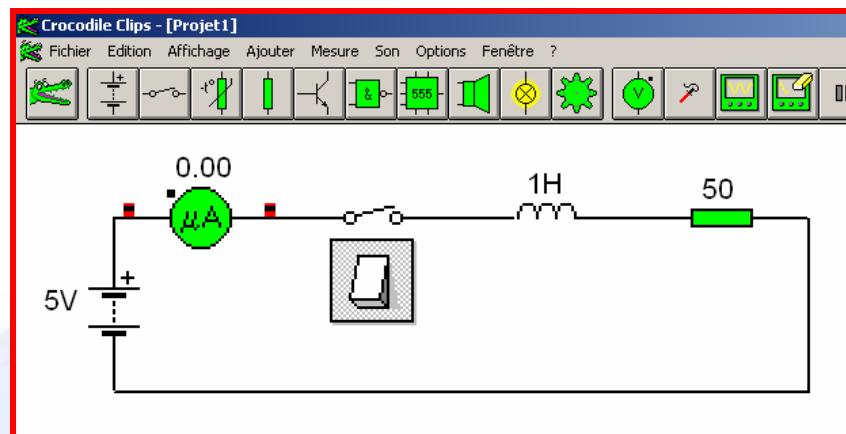
i

u

$$E_C = C u^2 / 2$$

Crocodile Clipe

:1

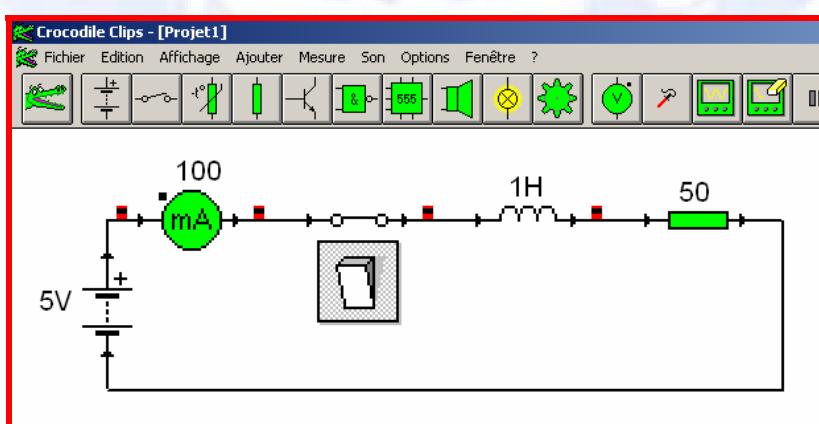


r

- 1
- 2
- 3
- /
- /
- 4
- 5

100mA

- 1



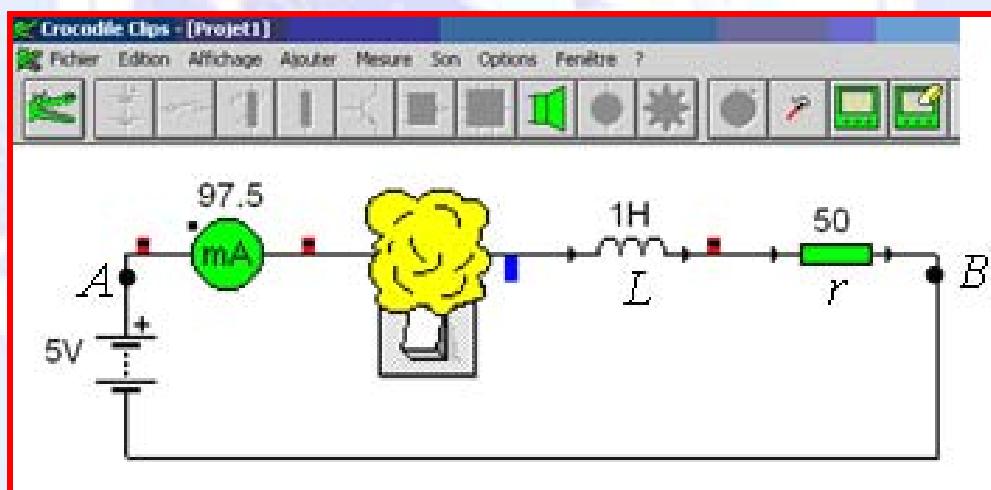
$$E = (u_L + u_r) : \quad E = u_b : \quad - 2$$

$$E = L \frac{di}{dt} + ri$$

$$\frac{di}{dt} = 0$$

$$i = \frac{E}{R} = \frac{5}{50} = 100mA$$

/ - 3



A

u_K

B

$$u_K + u_r + u_L = 0$$

$$u_K + u_r + L \frac{di}{dt} = 0$$

$$u_K = -L \frac{di}{dt} = 0 :$$

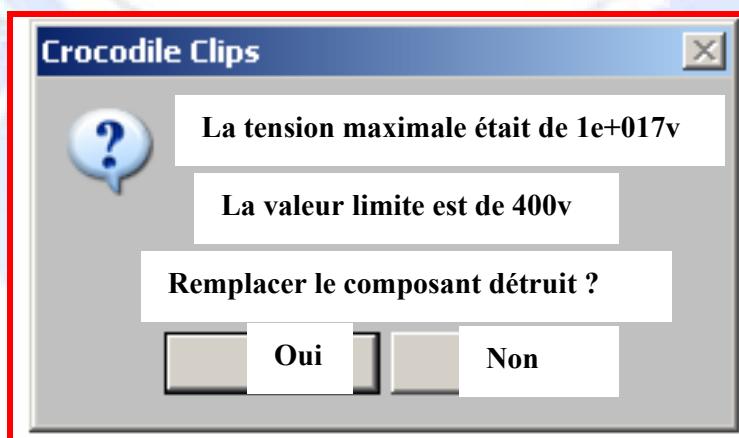
$$\frac{\Delta t}{\Delta t} \quad i = 0 \quad i = \frac{E}{r} \quad t$$

$$\frac{di}{dt} = \frac{\Delta i}{\Delta t} = \frac{\left(0 - \frac{E}{r}\right)}{\Delta t} = -\frac{E}{r\Delta t}$$

$$u_K = -L \left(-\frac{E}{r\Delta t} \right) = \frac{LE}{r\Delta t}$$

Δt

/ - 3



$$u_K = 1.10^{17} V$$

$$400V$$

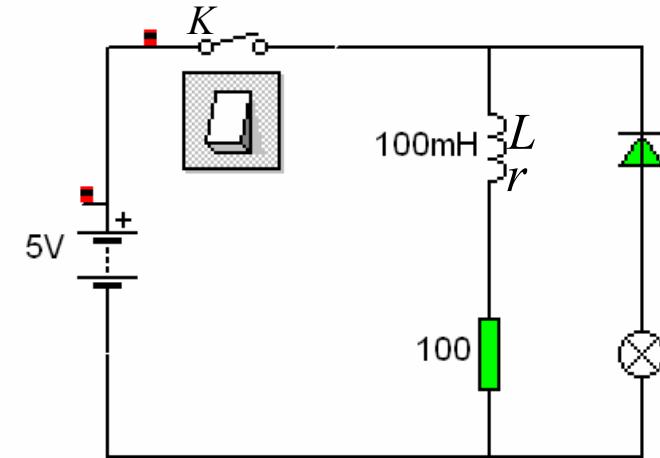
- 4

- 5

(bougie)

:2

Crocodile Clips



$$i_D = 0$$

$$u_D < 0$$

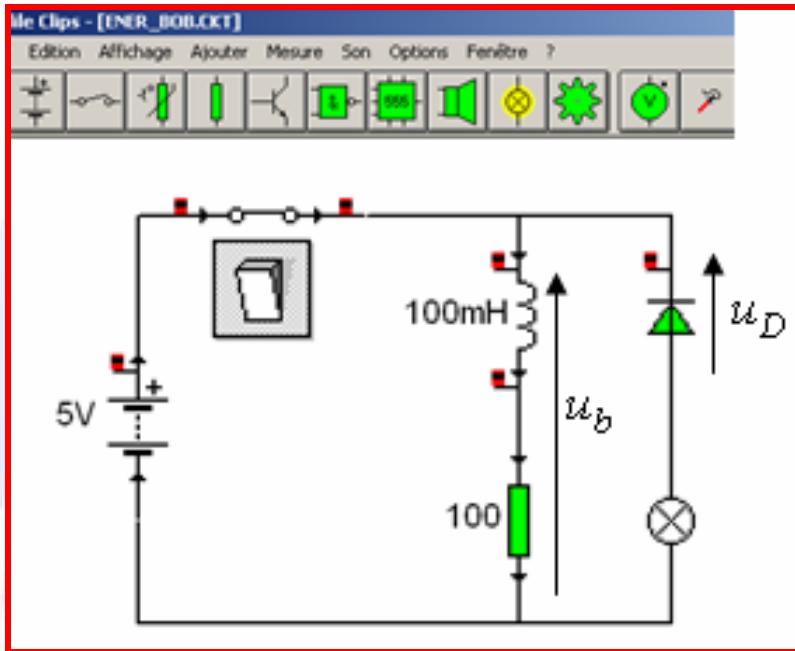
-

$$i_D > 0$$

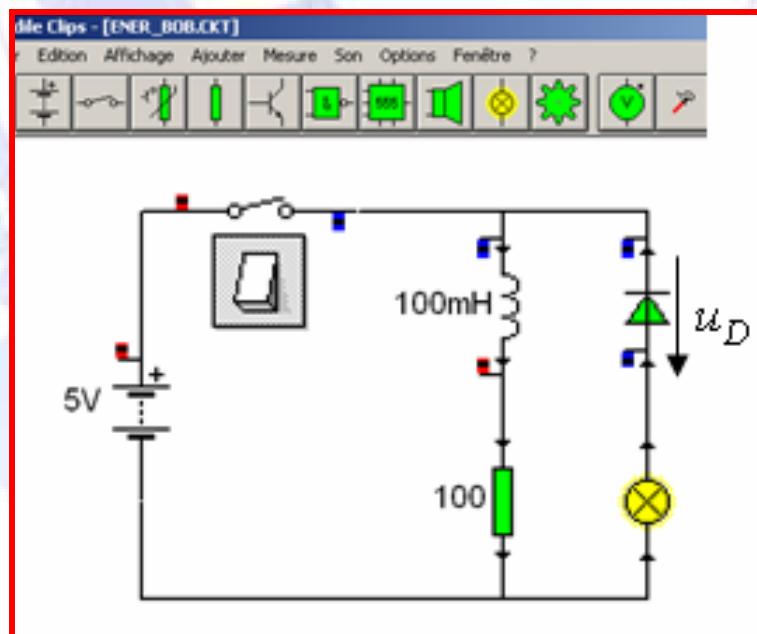
$$u_D = 0$$

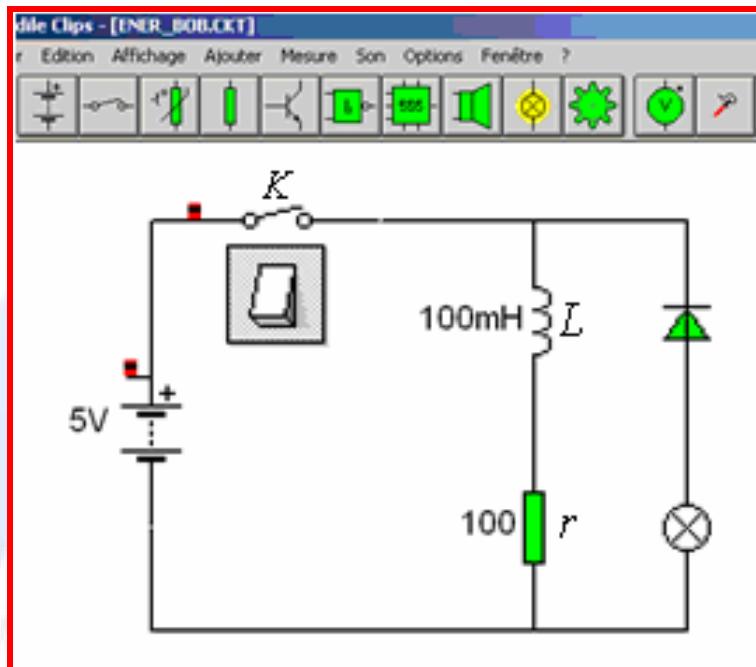
-

- 1



- 2





$$(K)$$

$$u_D$$

$$:(K)$$

$$i$$

$$i_D$$

$$R_A$$

- 3

- 4

- 5

/

/

/

- 6

- 1
- 2
- 3

$$E + u_D + R_A i = 0$$

$$u_D = -E$$

- 4

$$E + u_b = 0$$

$$E = ri + L \frac{di}{dt} = 0$$

$$\frac{di}{dt}$$

$$i = \frac{E}{R}$$

- 5

$$i = \frac{E}{R}$$

/

RL

/

$$u_D = 0$$

)

$$\therefore (R_K = 0$$

$$\therefore i = \frac{E}{R}$$

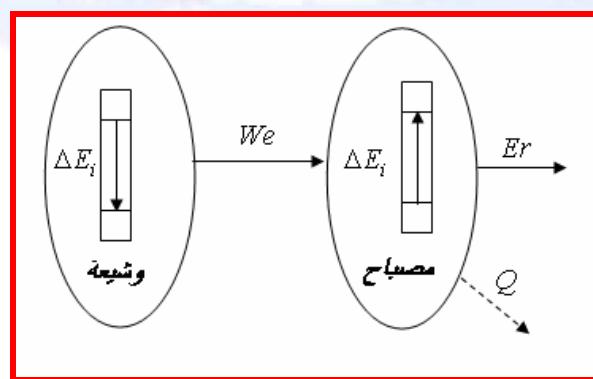
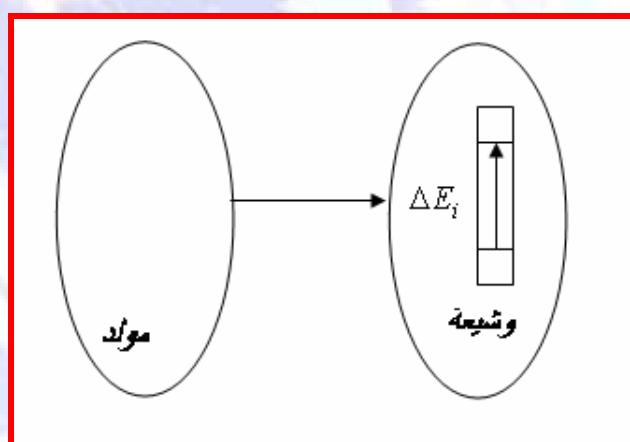
١

$$u_A = R_A i = R_A \frac{E}{R}$$

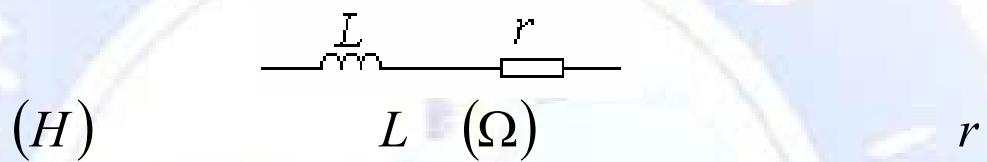
$$u_A = -R_A \frac{E}{R} \quad u_b + R_A i = 0$$

٢

- 6

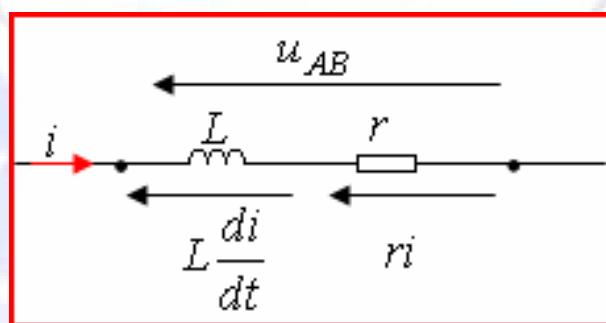


- 1



(convention récepteur)

$$u_{AB} = L \frac{di}{dt} + ri$$



$$L \frac{di}{dt}$$

$$ri$$

(idéale)

- 3

$$u_{AB} = L \frac{di}{dt}$$

$$\frac{di}{dt} > 0$$

$$\frac{di}{dt} < 0$$

(bougie)

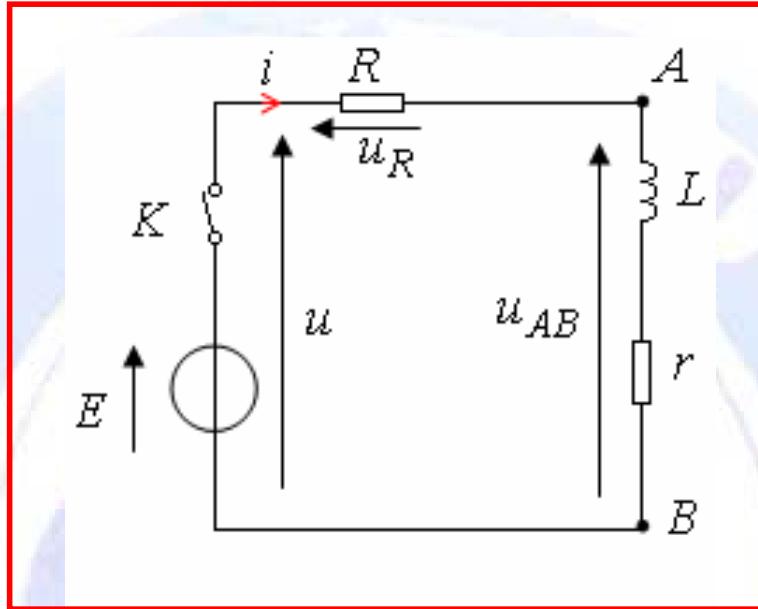
RL

(r, L)

RL

$$R_t = R + r$$

- 3



RL

$$i(t)$$

$$t = 0$$

RL

RL

$t > 0$

$$u = u_{AB} + u_R$$

$$. \quad E = u_{AB} + u_R \quad : \quad u = E$$

$$t \geq 0$$

$$\underbrace{L \frac{di}{dt} + ri + Ri}_{\text{وشبيهة}} = E$$

$$\frac{di}{dt} + \frac{(r + R)i}{E} = \frac{E}{L}$$

RL

$i(t)$

$$\boxed{\frac{di}{dt} + \frac{1}{\tau} i = \frac{E}{L}}$$

$$\tau = \frac{L}{R_t} = \frac{L}{R + r}$$

$i(t)$

r

L

RL

RL

- 2 - 3

R

$$\tau = \frac{L}{R_t} = \frac{L}{R + r}$$

τ

R_t

R_t

- 3 - 3

$b - A$

$i(t) = Ae^{-mt} + b$

:

$m - b$

-

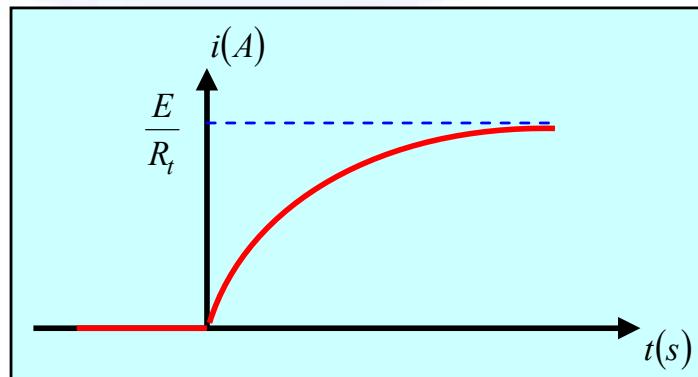
i

$$\frac{di}{dt}(t) = -mAe^{-mt}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -mAe^{-mt} + \frac{R_t(Ae^{-mt} + b)}{L} = \frac{E}{L} \\
& A\left(-m + \frac{R_t}{L}\right)e^{-mt} + \frac{R_t b}{L} = \frac{E}{L} \\
& t > 0 \\
& \left(-m + \frac{R_t}{L}\right) = 0 \quad A\left(-m + \frac{R_t}{L}\right)e^{-mt} = 0 \\
& \boxed{m = \frac{1}{\tau}} : \quad m = \frac{R_t}{L}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{b = \frac{E}{R_t}} : \quad \frac{R_t b}{L} = \frac{E}{L}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \therefore \quad t = 0 \quad i(t) \\
& i(t = 0^-) = i(t = 0^+) = 0 \\
& i(0^+) = Ae^0 + \frac{E}{R_t} :
\end{aligned}$$



$$A = \frac{E}{R_t}$$

$$i(0^+) = 0$$

$$i(t) = \frac{E}{R_t} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} \right)$$

- 4

$$u_{AB}(t) = E - R i(t) :$$

$$i(t) = \frac{E}{R_t} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} \right) : \quad t > 0$$

$$u_{AB}(t) = E \left[1 - \frac{R}{R_t} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} \right) \right]$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} = 0 :$$

$$u_{AB} = E \left(1 - \frac{R}{R_t} \right) = \frac{Er}{r + R}$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} = 1$$

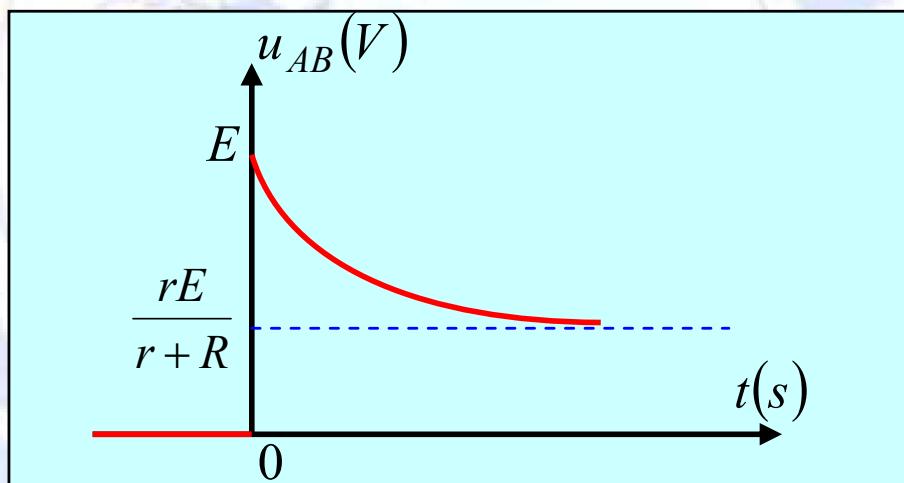
$$u_{AB}(0^+) = E$$

(K)

$$u_{AB}(0^-) = 0$$

$$u_{AB}(0^+) \neq u_{AB}(0^-)$$

$t = 0$



RL

- 5

- 1 - 5

$. RL$

1A

$L = 1H$

: $\Delta t = 1ms$

0A

$$L \frac{di}{dt} = L \frac{\Delta i}{\Delta t} = -\frac{1}{10^{-3}} \simeq -1000V$$

Roue libre)

.(

$u = E$

u

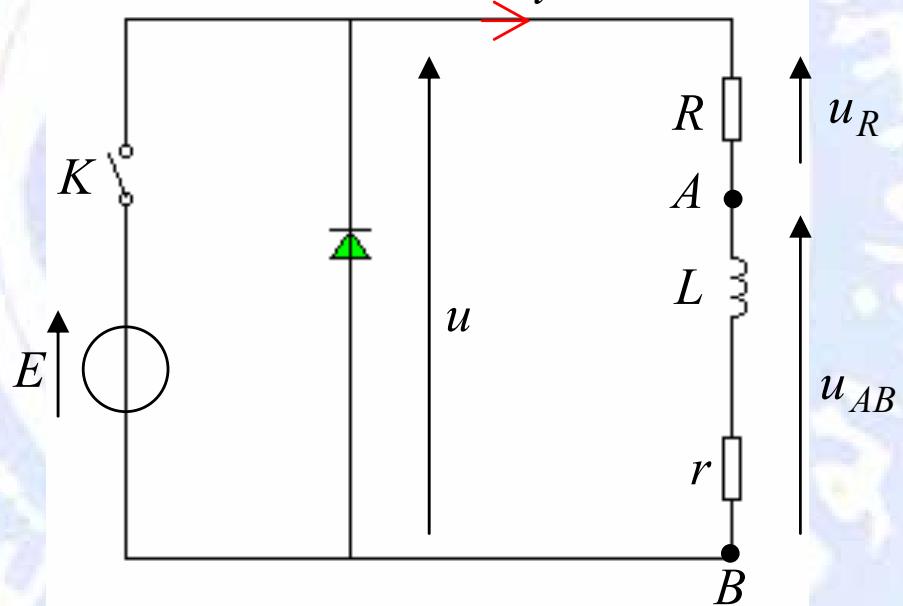
K

R

K

$u = 0$

i



- 2 - 5

$i(t)$

$$i(t = 0^+) = i(t = 0^-) = \frac{E}{R_t}$$

$$t = 0$$

$$u = 0 = u_{AB} + u_R$$

$$L \frac{di}{dt} + (r + R)i = 0$$

$$\frac{di}{dt} + \frac{(r + R)}{L}i = 0$$

$$RL$$

$$\boxed{\frac{di}{dt} + \frac{i}{\tau} = 0}$$

$$\tau = \frac{1}{r + R} = \frac{1}{R_t}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (s) & \tau & - \\ (H) & L & - \\ (\Omega) & R_t & - \end{array}$$

- 3 - 5

$$i(t) = Ae^{-mt} + b$$

$$b \quad m$$

$$\frac{di}{dt}(t) = -me^{-mt}$$

$$-mAe^{-mt} + R_t \frac{Ae^{-mt} + b}{L} = 0$$

$$A\left(-m + \frac{R_t}{L}\right)e^{-mt} + \frac{R_t b}{L} = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \frac{R_t b}{L} = 0 & A\left(-m + \frac{R_t}{L}\right)e^{-mt} = 0 \\ \vdots & \left(-m + \frac{R_t}{L}\right) = 0 \quad : \quad A \neq 0 \\ \boxed{m = \frac{R_t}{L}} & \end{array}$$

$$\frac{R_t b}{L} = 0$$

$$\boxed{b = 0}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} i & A \\ : & \\ t = 0 & i(t) \end{array}$$

$$i(0^-) = i(0^+) = \frac{E}{R_t}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} & t \\ : & \\ i(t) & = Ae^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} \\ i(0^+) & = Ae^{-\frac{0}{\tau}} = A \end{array}$$

$$: \quad i(0^+) = \frac{E}{R_t}$$

$$A = \frac{E}{R_t}$$

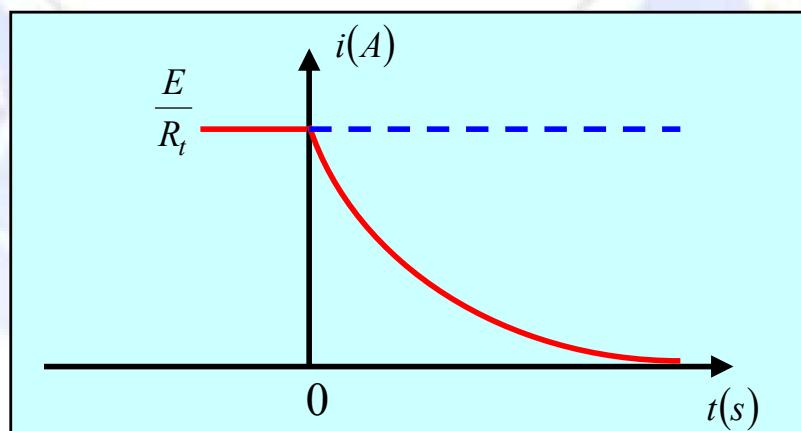
$$i(t) = \frac{E}{R_t}$$

:

$$i(t) = \frac{E}{R_t} e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}$$

RL

i = 0



- 4 - 5

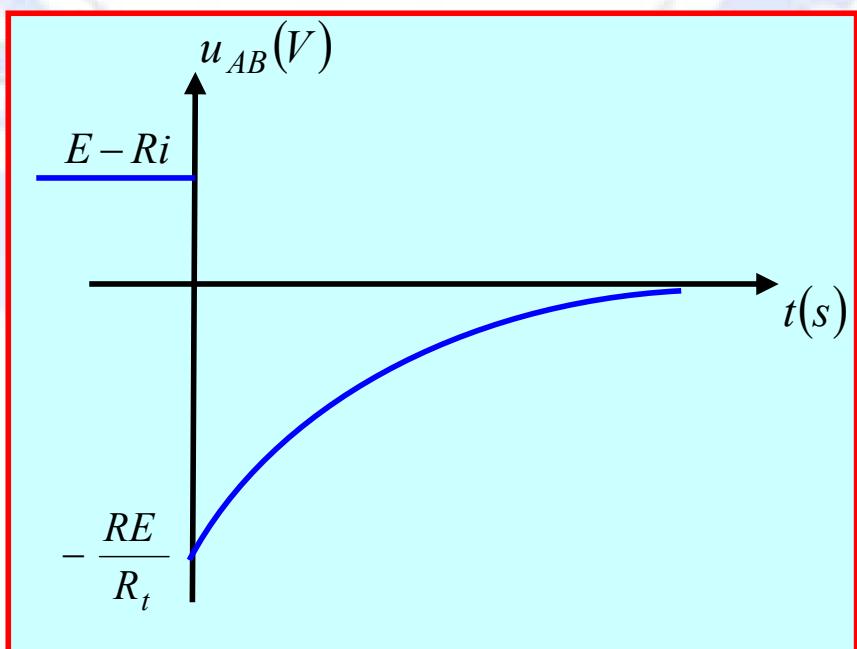
$$: \quad \begin{aligned} u_{AB} &= -u_R & u_{AB} + u_R &= 0 \\ u_{AB}(t) &= -Ri(t) \end{aligned}$$

$$u_{AB}(t) = -\frac{RE}{R_t} e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}$$

$$u_{AB}(0^-) = E - Ri$$

$$u_{AB}(0^+) = -\frac{RE}{R_t} e^{-\frac{0}{\tau}} = -\frac{RE}{R_t}$$

$$u_{AB}(0^-) \neq u_{AB}(0^+)$$
$$t = 0 \qquad \qquad \qquad u_{AB}(t)$$

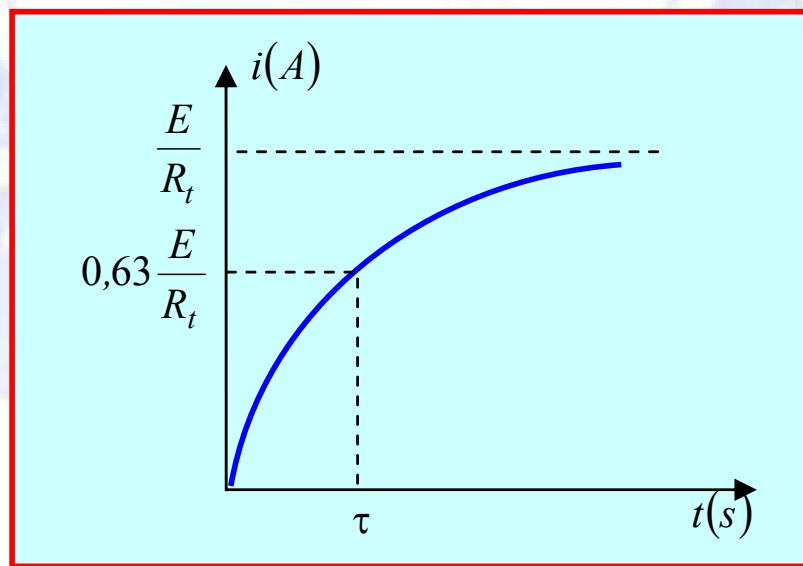


$$RL \quad \tau \quad - 6$$
$$\tau \quad - 1 - 6$$

RC τ : 1 - /

\vdots $\frac{E}{R_t}$

$$i(\tau) = \frac{E}{R_t} \left(1 - e^{-1}\right) = 0,63 \cdot \frac{E}{R_t}$$
$$0,63 \frac{E}{R_t}$$
$$\cdot \tau$$



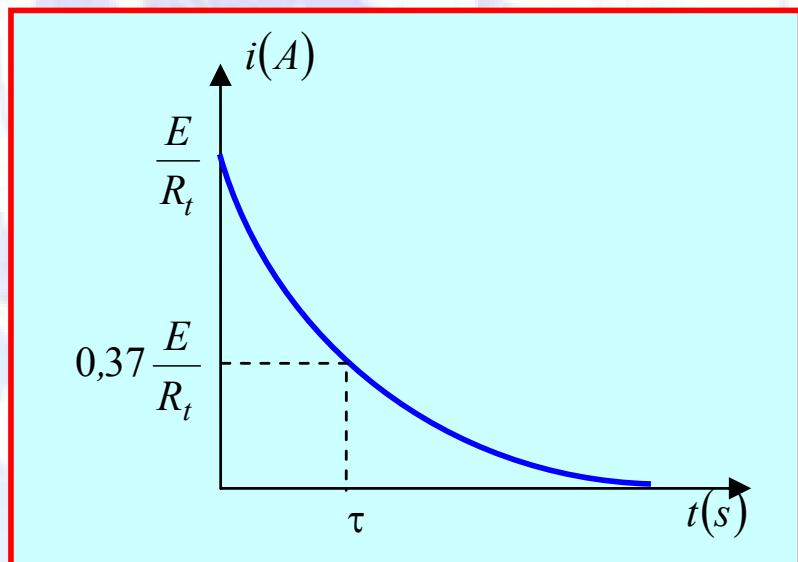
• $i(t) = \frac{E}{R_t}$

$$\frac{E}{R_t}$$

$$i(\tau) = \frac{E}{R_t} e^{-1} = 0,37 \frac{E}{R_t}$$

$$0,37 \frac{E}{R_t}$$

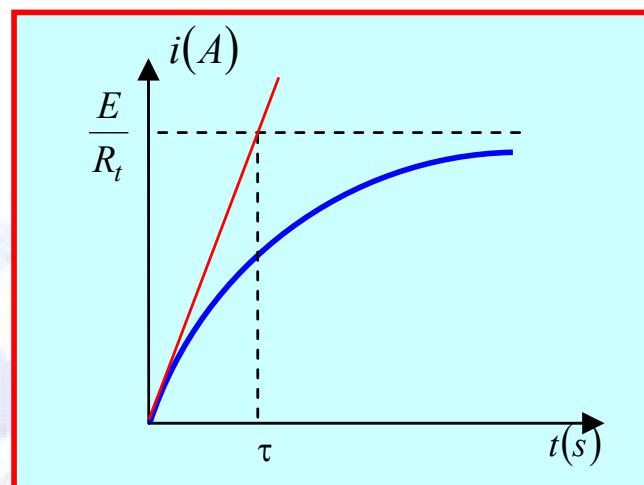
τ



$$t = 0 \quad i(t)$$

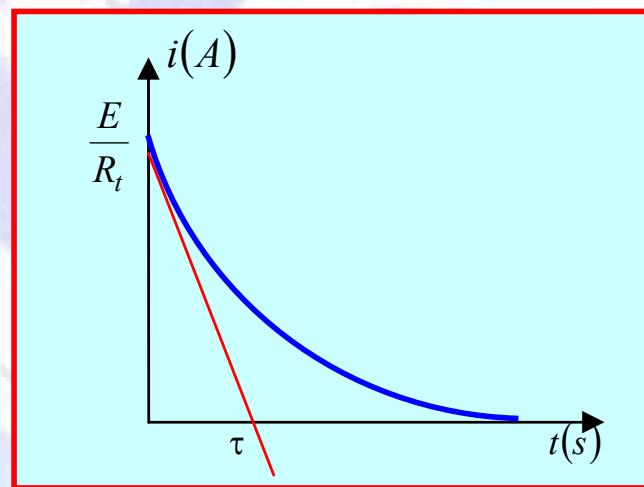
τ

$$i(t) = \frac{E}{R_t}$$



τ

/



τ

- 2 - 6

$$\tau = \frac{L}{R + r}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & : \tau \\ & L \\ & R_t = R + r \end{aligned}$$

) (Récepteur) ()

: (Idéale

$$. u = L \frac{di}{dt}$$

$$. P_e = u.i = L i \frac{di}{dt}$$

$$i^2$$

$$\frac{di^2}{dt} = 2i \frac{di}{dt}$$

$$P_e = \frac{d \left(\frac{1}{2} L i \right)^2}{dt}$$

$$P_e . dt = d \left(\frac{1}{2} L i \right)^2$$

$$E_{bob} = \int_0^t L.i \frac{di}{dt} . dt = \int_0^t d \left(\frac{1}{2} . L . i^2 \right)$$

$$t = 0$$

$$E_{bob} = \frac{1}{2} . L . i^2$$