

I

f

	f	$f'(x) > 0$	I	x	•
	f	$f'(x) < 0$	I	x	•
I	f	$f'(x) = 0$	I	x	•

$f(x) = 2x^2 + 2x - 5$: IR f
 $f'(x) = 4x + 2$ f f'
 :

1

x	$-\infty$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$+\infty$
$f'(x)$	-	○	+

$$x = -\frac{1}{2} \quad f'(x) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &] -\infty, -\frac{1}{2}[\quad f \quad x \in] -\infty, -\frac{1}{2}[\\
 &] -\frac{1}{2}, +\infty[\quad f \quad x \in] -\frac{1}{2}, +\infty[\\
 & \quad \quad \quad f \quad f(-\frac{1}{2}) = -\frac{11}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$f(x) = -x^3 + 3x + 4$: IR f 2

<http://www.onefd.edu.dz>

IR x

جميع الحقوق محفوظة IR افوظة ©

f

:

$$f'(x)$$

$$f'(x) = -3x^2 + 3$$

x	$+\infty$	1	-1	$-\infty$
$f'(x)$	$-$	0	$+$	$-$

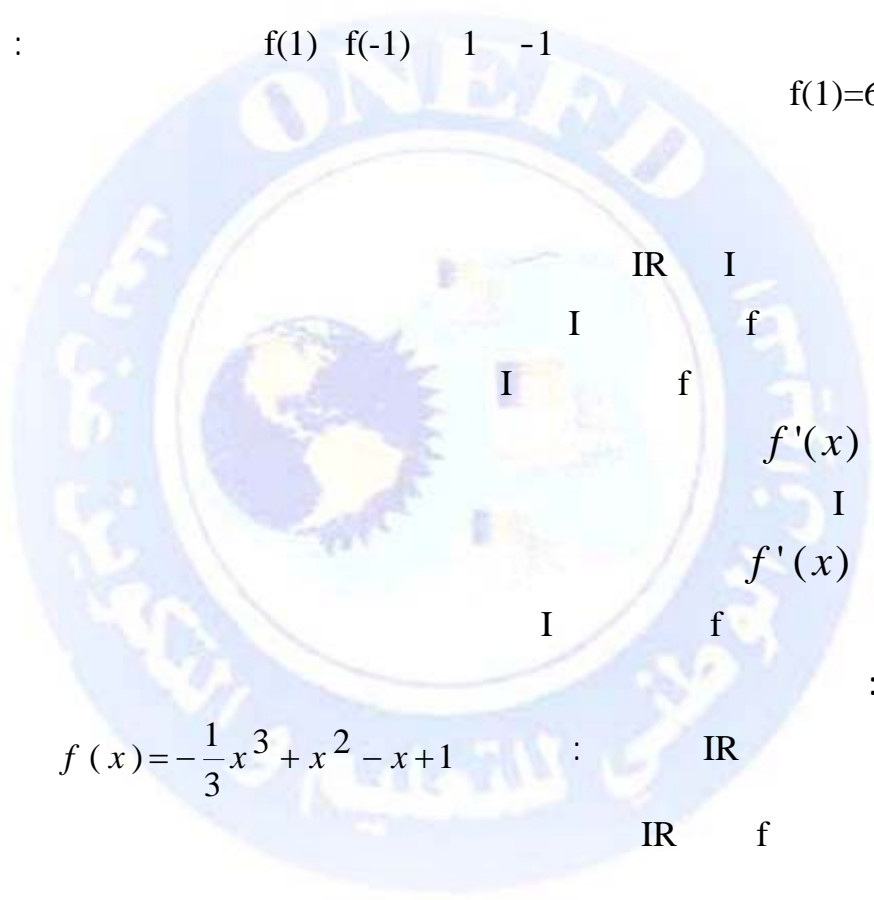
$]1, +\infty[$ $]-\infty, -1[$ $f \bullet$

$]-1, +1[$ $f \bullet$

$x=1$ $x=-1$ $f'(x)=0 \bullet$

:

$f(1)$ $f(-1)$ 1 -1 f
 $f(1)=6, f(-1)=2$



$f(x) = -\frac{1}{3}x^3 + x^2 - x + 1$ IR f

IR f $:\bullet$

$f(x) = -\frac{1}{3}x^3 + x^2 - x + 1$ IR f

$f'(x) = -x^2 + 2x - 1$ IR x

$f'(x) = -(x^2 - 2x + 1)$

$f'(x) = -(x-1)^2$

$(x-1)^2 \geq 0$

$-(x-1)^2 \leq 0$

$$f'(x) \leq 0$$

IR

f

: 2

◆

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 2$$

$[-1, 2]$

f

$[-1, 2]$

f

1

f

2

f

3

$$x = \frac{1}{2}$$

A

f

(Δ)

4

"

"

IR

f

①

IR

$[-1, 2]$

$$f'(x) = 6x^2 - 6x$$

x

:

$$(x=1)$$

$$(x=0)$$

$$6x(x-1)=0$$

$$6x^2 - 6x = 0$$

:

$f'(x)$

x	-1	0	1	2
$f'(x)$	+	○	-	○
				+

f

②

$$(x=1)$$

$$(x=0)$$

$$f'(x) = 0$$

:

$$f(1) = 1$$

$$f(0) = 2$$

:

$$x=0$$

$$2$$

$$x=1$$

$$1$$

3

$f(2) = 6 \quad f(-1) = -3$:

x	-1	0	1	2
$f'(x)$	+	○	-	○
f(x)				

$x = \frac{1}{2}$

A f

4

I a IR I f

A

$f'(a) \quad f(a)$

$y = f'(a)(x - a) + f(a)$

a A f

$f'(\frac{1}{2}) = -\frac{3}{2}; f(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{3}{2}$:

$y = -\frac{3}{2}(x - \frac{1}{2}) + \frac{3}{2} = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{2}$:

$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{9}{4}$: