

The text:

Si Tayeb FERHAT HAMIDA commonly known as “Major Chouki/ Zakria” was born in 1919 in Tiksebt, El-Oued Souf, Algeria. He memorized the holy Quran at the age of 12. At the same time, he learnt the French language in regular schools. At the age of 15, he travelled to Tunisia and studied at El-Zitouna Mosque, (1934-1938). During this period, he met Cheikh Ben Badis twice. In El-Oued Souf on December 1937 and in Al Khaldounia, Tunis in 1938. After graduating from El-Zitouna Mosque, he first studied law in Al Khaldounia, and then travelled to Paris to complete his studies at the Sorbonne University, where he obtained a bachelor’s degree in law in 1954. He was also fluent in about seven languages. (§ 1)



Si Tayeb joined the Algerian Revolution from December 1955 until the independence. He was an Algerian leader during the Algerian War, with (FLN) then moved to fighting in battlefield. He organising the Wilaya VI with Colonel Si El Haouès (1956-1959). He met many senior leaders of the Algerian revolution such as: Ben Boulaïd, Colonel Lotfi, Boussof and Boumédiène. (§ 2)

After the independence in 1962, he held the position of governor of Sétif and Médéa (1962-1964). Then, the Ambassador of Algeria in Morocco (1964-1969). After that, he worked as a member of the National Transitional Council (1994-1997). Finally, a member of the Council of the Nation from 2007 until his death in Algiers on February 24th, 2020 “may God have mercy on his soul!” (§ 3)

Written by the teacher

A) Reading Comprehension (07 pts)

Read the text carefully and do the following tasks:

Task One (03 pts): I fill in the following ID Card.

ID CARD

| | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| ❖ Full Name:..... | ❖ Date of Birth: |
| ❖ Place of Birth: | ❖ Nationality: |
| ❖ Place of Death:..... | ❖ Date of Death: |

Task Two (02 pts): I answer the following questions.

1. Did Si Tayeb join the French regular schools?
2. Did he die in his hometown?

Task Three (02 pts): I read text and match each word (1, 2, 3, and 4) with its corresponding synonyms/ equivalent (=) (a, b, c, or d).

- | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| 1. learnt | 2. twice | 3. complete | 4. leader |
| a. principal | b. finish | c. two times | d. studied |

(1- / 2- / 3- / 4-)

B) Mastery of Language (07 pts)

Task One (02 pts): I reorder the following words to get coherent sentences.

1- many outstanding figures / El-Oued Souf / There / . / in / are

1)

2- hometown / Si Tayeb / ? / Are you / to your / proud that / belongs

2)

Task Two (03 pts): I change the following sentences to passive ones:

1. Ben Badis visited El-Oued Souf in 1937.
2. Si Tayeb obtained a bachelor's degree in law in 1954.
3. He met Colonel Lotfi and Boussouf in Oujda in 1958.

Task Three (02 pts): I classify the following words according to their sounds:

same – time – finally – nation

| /ei/ day | /ai/ my |
|----------|---------|
| | |

PART TWO (06 pts): Written Expression

You have received an email from an American friend of yours, he/ she asked you to write him a reply in which you describe one of the outstanding figures in your hometown, country or in the world. You have chosen "**Mohamed Belhadj MIHI**". Write him/ her your reply.

This **ID Card** may help you:

ID CARD

- ❖ **Name:** Bachir ben Abdelkader MIHI
- ❖ **Nickname:** Mohamed Belhadj
- ❖ **Date of Birth:** October 10th 1922
- ❖ **Place of Birth:** Ouled Ahmed, El-Oued Souf, Algeria
- ❖ **Date of Death:** August 21st 1962
- ❖ **Place of Death:** Touggourt, Algeria
- ❖ **Nationality:** Algerian
- ❖ **Education:** Studied the Quran and entered Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al-Sharif Arabic School.
- ❖ **Occupation:** Merchant
- ❖ **Major Works:** He brought 7 convoys of camels loaded with weapons that were used on the night of November 1st, 1954.



DO NOT SIGN YOUR NAME

The text:

Si Tayeb FERHAT HAMIDA commonly known as “Major Chouki/ Zakria” was born in 1919 in Tiksebt, El-Oued Souf, Algeria. He memorized the holy Quran at the age of 12. At the same time, he learnt the French language in regular schools. At the age of 15, he travelled to Tunisia and studied at El-Zitouna Mosque, (1934-1938). During this period, he met Cheikh Ben Badis twice. In El-Oued Souf on December 1937 and in Al Khaldounia, Tunis in 1938. After graduating from El-Zitouna Mosque, he first studied law in Al Khaldounia, and then travelled to Paris to complete his studies at the Sorbonne University, where he obtained a bachelor’s degree in law in 1954. He was also fluent in about seven languages. (§ 1)



Si Tayeb joined the Algerian Revolution from December 1955 until the independence. He was an Algerian leader during the Algerian War, with (FLN) then moved to fighting in battlefield. He organising the Wilaya VI with Colonel Si El Haouès (1956-1959). He met many senior leaders of the Algerian revolution such as: Ben Boulaïd, Colonel Lotfi, Bousouf and Boumédiène. (§ 2)

After the independence in 1962, he held the position of governor of Sétif and Médéa (1962-1964). Then, the Ambassador of Algeria in Morocco (1964-1969). After that, he worked as a member of the National Transitional Council (1994-1997). Finally, a member of the Council of the Nation from 2007 until his death in Algiers on February 24th, 2020 “may God have mercy on his soul!” (§ 3)

Written by the teacher

A) Reading Comprehension (07 pts)

Read the text carefully and do the following tasks:

Task One (03 pts): I fill in the following ID Card.

ID CARD

- | | |
|---|---|
| ❖ Full Name: Si Tayeb FERHAT HAMIDA | ❖ Date of Birth: 1919 |
| ❖ Place of Birth: Tiksebt, El-Oued Souf, Algeria | ❖ Nationality: Algerian |
| ❖ Place of Death: Algiers | ❖ Date of Death: February 24th, 2020 |

Task Two (02 pts): I answer the following questions.

- | | |
|--|--------------------------|
| 1. Did Si Tayeb join the French regular schools? | 1) Yes, he did. |
| 2. Did he die in his hometown? | 2) No, he didn't. |

Task Three (02 pts): I read text and match each word (1, 2, 3, and 4) with its corresponding synonyms/ equivalent (=) (a, b, c, or d).

- | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| 1. learnt | 2. twice | 3. complete | 4. leader |
| a. principal | b. finish | c. two times | d. studied |

(1- ...d... / 2- ...c... / 3- ...b... / 4- ...a...)

B) Mastery of Language (07 pts)

Task One (02 pts): I reorder the following words to get coherent sentences.

- 1- many outstanding figures / El-Oued Souf / There / . / in / are
1) *There are many outstanding figures in El-Oued Souf.*
- 2- hometown / Si Tayeb / ? / Are you / to your / proud that / belongs
2) *Are you proud that Si Tayeb belongs to your hometown?*

Task Two (03 pts): I change the following sentences to passive ones:

1. *El-Oued Souf was visited by Ben Badis in 1937.*
2. *A bachelor's degree in law was obtained by Si Tayeb in 1954.*
3. *Colonel Lotfi and Boussouf were met by him in Oujda in 1958.*

Task Three (02 pts): I classify the following words according to their sounds:

same – time – finally – nation

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| /ei/ day | /ai/ my |
| <i>same – nation</i> | <i>time – finally</i> |

PART TWO (06 pts): Written Expression

One of the most famous outstanding figures around *Algeria* is *Bachir ben Abdelkader MIHI* nickname "*Mohamed Belhadj*". He was born on *October 10th 1922* in *Ouled Ahmed, El-Oued Souf, Algeria*. He *studied the Quran and entered Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al-Sharif Arabic School*. He is a *merchant*. He *brought 7 convoys of camels loaded with weapons that were used on the night of November 1st, 1954*. *Mohamed Belhadj* died on *August 21st 1962* in *Touggourt, Algeria*.