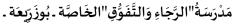


الجُمْهُورِيَّة الجَزَ ائِرِيَّة الدِّيمُقْرَاطِيَّة الشَّعْبِيَّة وَزَارَةُ التَّرْبِيَةِ الوَطَنِيَّة مُدِيرِيَّةُ التَّرْبِيَة - الجَزَ ائِروَسَط -





المستوى: الرّ ابعة متوسّط

التّاريخ: 2021/11/29

المدّة: ساعة ونصف



Text:

El Emir Abdelkader Ibn Muhieddine Al Hassani was an Algerian Islamic scholar, writer, poet, political leader and military warrior.

This great hero was born on September 06th, 1808 in Guetna near Mascara where he grew up and learnt the holy Quran as well as other subjects. This brave leader founded the Modern Algerian State and led the Algerian struggle against the French domination in the 19th century. He won many battles against the French army. Among his most famous battles are: "The Battle of Maktaa", "the Battle of sig", and "The Battle of Sidi Brahim". He defended his land and protected the Algerian values, language and religion to keep the Algerians unified against their enemy. He wrote many books like the book of "Call to the Intelligent, Warning to the Indifferent" in 1855 and a book on "The Arabian Horse". He died on May 26th, 1883 in Damascus, Syria at the age of seventy four.

This national leader was respected by all. Present-day, Algerians consider him to be the greatest hero of their people. Adapted by the teacher

Part One: (14pts)

Task one: Reading Comprehension (7pts)

A/ I Read the text and I fill in the ID card: (3pts)

Full name:
Date and place of birth:
Nationality:
Occupation:
Achievements:
Date and place of death:



B/ I read the text and I say if these sentences are True, False or Not mentioned: (2pts)

- 1) Emir Abdelkader is an Algerian outstanding figure in history and literature.
- 2) Emir Abdelkader led many battles against the French colonialism and won most of them.
- **3**) He didn't only defend his motherland but he protected the language, the religion and the Algerian values.
- 4) Emir Abdelkader was buried in Syria.

الصّفحة[من2

C/ Lexis: I choose the correct meaning to the underlined words: (2pts)

•	Emir Abdelkader was a <u>b</u> a) courageous	<u>rave</u> warrior. b) smart	c) strong
•	He founded the modern a) organized	Algerian state. b) led	c) established
•	He <u>defended</u> his land. a) protected	b) endangered	c) betrayed
•	He protected the Algeria a) principles	n <u>values</u> . b) opinions	c) traditions

Task two: Mastery of language: (7 pts)

A) <u>I give the correct form of verbs between brackets</u>: (3pts)

Abedlhamid Ben Badis is one of the greatest Algerian educators and scholars of cultural nationalism. He (**to be/born**) on December 4th, 1889 in Constantine, Algeria. He (**to study**) in El Zeitouna University in Tunisia. In 1931, he (**to found**) the association of Algerian Muslim Ulema.

He (**not** / **to participate**) in the war against the French Colonialism, but he used his pen to fight ignorance in his society. He (**to write**) many poems and articles in different journals such as "El Chihab" and "El Montaqid". He (**to die**) on April 16th, 1940 in Constantine.

B) <u>I complete with the correct conjunction</u>: therefore – and – because (2pts)

- 1- The French colonialism executed many Algerian people ------ they wanted their land to be free.
- 2- Most of Algerian writers devoted their writings against the French colonialism., they were imprisoned and tortured.

C) I pick from the text four (4) words with the following diphthongs. /ei / and/ ai / (2pts)

/ei/	/aɪ/
-	-
-	-

Part Two: written expression (6 pts)

Your teacher of English asked you to write a short biography about "Moufdi Zakaria". Use the ID card below to present this <u>Outstanding figure in Algerian literature</u> to your classmates

Name: Moufdi Zakaria.

Date and place of birth: June 12th, 1908 / Beni Yezguan (Historic city), Ghardaia.

Study: First in Annaba then in the University of Zeitouna in Tunisia.

Occupation: Poet of the Algerian Revolution.

Main achievements: Author of the Algerian national anthem 1955, groups of poetry: "Elyadate El Djazair" 1972.

Date and place of death: August 11th, 1977 in Tunisia / buried in Algeria.

الصّفحة2من2



الجُمْهُورِيَّة الجَزَ ائِرِيَّة الدِّيمُقْرَاطِيَّة الشَّعْبِيَّة وَزَارَةُ التَّرْبِيَةِ الوَطَنِيَّة مُدِيرِيَّةُ التَّرْبِيَة - الجَزَ ائِروَسَط -مَدْرَسَةُ "الرَّجَاءِ وَالتَّفَوُّقِ" الخَاصَّة - بُوزَرَبِعَة -



المادّة: اللّغة الإنحليزية

المستوى: 4 متوسّط

التّاريخ:

المدّة:

تصحيح اختبار الفصل الأول

<u>Part One: (14pts) :</u> <u>Task one :Reading Comprehension (7pts)</u>

A/ I Read the text and I fill in the ID card (3pts) :

Full name: El Emir Abdelkader Ibn Muhieddine Al Hassani

Date and place of birth: 06/09/1808 in Guetna near Mascara

Nationality: Algerian

Occupation : Islamic scholar, writer, poet, political leader, military

warrior.

Achievements :1- founded the Modern Algerian State

2- won many battles

3- wrote many books

Date and place of death: 26/05/1883 Damascus - Syria



B/ I read the text and I say if these sentences are True, False or Not mentioned : (2pts)

- 1) Emir Abdelkader is an Algerian outstanding figure in history and literature. True
- 2) Emir Abdelkader led many battles against the French colonialism and won most of them. True
- He didn't only defend his motherland but he protected the language, the religion and the Algerian values. .True.
- 4) Emir Abdelkader was buried in Syria. Not mentioned

C/ Lexis : I choose the correct meaning to the underlined words : (2pts)

• Emir Abdelkader was a brave warrior.				
a) courageous	b) smart	c) strong		
• He founded the modern Algerian state.				
a) organized	b) led	c) established		
• He <u>defended</u> his land.				
a) protected	b) endangered	c) betrayed		
• He protected the Algerian <u>values</u> .				
a) principales	b) opinions	c) traditions		

الصّفحة 1من2

A) I give the correct form of verbs between brackets : (3pts)

Abedlhamid Ben Badis is one of the greatest Algerian educators and scholars of cultural nationalism. He (**to be/born**) **was born** on December 4th, 1889 in Constantine, Algeria. He (**to study**) **studied** in El Zeitouna University in Tunisia. In 1931, he (**to found**) **founded** the association of Algerian Muslim Ulema.

He (**not** / **to participate**) **didn't participate** in the war against the French Colonialism, but he used his pen to fight ignorance in his society. He (**to write**) **wrote** many poems and articles in different journals such as "El Chihab" and "El Montaqid". He (**to die**) **died** on April 16th, 1940 in Constantine.

B) <u>I complete with the correct conjunction:</u> therefore – and – because (2pts)

- 1- The French colonialism executed many Algerian people **because** they wanted their land to be free.
- 2- Most of Algerian writers devoted their writings against the French colonialism. **Therefore**, they were imprisoned and tortured.

C) I pick from the text four (4) words with the following diphthongs. /ei / and/ ai /

/ ei /	/ aī /
 great/ greatest – brave – state - famous may – age – day – domination. 	- unified – writer – like – died – by.

Remark : pupils should write only two (2) words in each box.

Part Two: (6 pts) written expression

Pupils **should** write a short **biography** about "Moufdi Zakaria", using the cues given in the ID card below.

Name: Moufdi Zakaria.

Date and place of birth: June 12th, 1908 / Beni Yezguan (Historic city), Ghardaia.

Study: First in Annaba then in the University of Zeitouna in Tunisia.

Occupation: Poet of the Algerian Revolution.

Main achievements: Author of the Algerian national anthem 1955, groups of poetry: "Elyadate El Djazair" 1972.

Date and place of death: August 11th, 1977 in Tunisia / buried in Algeria.

They **should respect** the different techniques in writing a biography :

- To avoid repetition ;
- The correct use of tenses ;
- The passive voice ...