Mohamed Bouslimani Middle School – Medea **Year: 2019/ 2020**

Class: 3MS… **Time:** 1:30

English Exam N° 2

An Algerian Researcher

Yasmine Belkaid is an Algerian researcher. She was born in 1968, in Algiers where she raised and did her primary, middle and secondary studies. In 1986, she passed the Baccalaureate with an excellent grade, and joined Bab Ezzouar University. There, she got the Bachelor and the Master degrees in biochemistry in 1990 and 1993. Three years later, she earned a Ph. D from Pasteur Institute (France), in which her investigations were about Leishmania infections.

Following graduate school, Yasmine Belkaid moved to the United States for a postdoctoral at NIAID's Laboratory. In 2008, she became adjunct Professor of Pathology at the University of Pennsylvania.

Dr. Belkaid is best known for her work in Microbiome which has advanced scientific understanding of inflammatory diseases. She won several awards such as: Lurie Prize in 2019.

Adapted from: en.wiki.org
Krfoundation.org

Part One: *A) Reading Comprehension* (7pts)

Read the text carefully and do the following activities:

Activity One: *Read the text and answer the following questions.* (02pts)

1. Who is Yasmine Belkaid?
2. Did she earn her doctorate in Algeria?
3. Where did she do her postdoctoral studies?
4. What for is she famous?

Activity Two: *Complete the table with the event that correspond to the dates:* (03pts)

Dates	Events
……	* Yasmine Belkaid's birth day
1986	* ……
1990	* ……
……..	* She held her doctorate
2008	* ……
2019	* ……

Lexis:

a. *Find in the text words that are closest in meaning to:* (1pt)

. scientist = went to =

b. *Find in the text words that are opposite in meaning to:* (1pt) .

. bad =/= unknown =/=

3am.ency-education.com

B) Mastery of language (7pts)

Activity one: *Fill in the gaps with:* **Renaissance - books - studies - thinker** (2pts)

Malek Bennabi (1905-1973) is an Algerian …….. He is one of the leaders of the Islamic Intellectual …… in the 20th century. His …… focused on human society and Muslim civilization. He wrote many …… …… such as : "**Le Phénomène Coranique**" and "**Les conditions de la renaissance**".

Activity two: *Combine the following sentences using the appropriate relative pronoun:* (3pts)

. **where – which – who**

1. **a.** In 1994, Dr. Yasmine Belkaid went to **France**.
   b. She had her PH. D from Pasteur Institute **there**.

2. **a. Dr. Yasmine Belkaid** is an Algerian scientist.
   b. Dr. Belkaid won many prestigious awards due to her works.

3. **a.** Belkaid's research led to the discovery of certain **skin microbes**.
   b. These microbes play an important role in the body resistance against diseases.

Activity three: *Write the following words in the right box according to their consonant sounds.* (2pts)

. scientifi**c** – ex**c**ellent – medi**c**ine - biomedi**c**al

/S/	/k/
1. ……..	1. ……..
2. ……..	2. ……..

Part II: *Written Expression* (6pts)

Use the ID Card notes to write about A. Graham Bell's biography:

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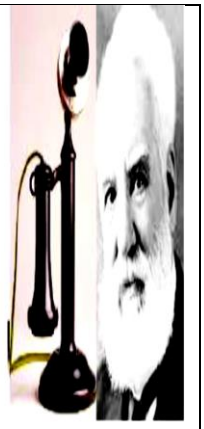

Name: Alexander Graham Bell

Occupation: a scientist

Date / pace of birth: 1847 - Scotland

Date of death: 1922

Accomplishment:

* (**invent**) the first working telephone in 1876
* (**do**) important work in communication for the deaf

Patent:

(**held**) 18 patents in his name alone & 12 patents in association with other inventors