Third Term English Examination

Level: TCL

The text:

School Year: 2011-2012

Every day we are bombarded with advice on how to change our lifestyles to protect the environment. But how much can the average family do? And is it worth the effort and cost?

Barry and Helen Davies live with their children in five bedrooms house. Like many families, they are concerned about the damage they do to the environment, and they would like to do more to become green consumers if they could be convinced it was worth it. The fact they have children has made them think even harder of what sort of world they will leave for the next generation. The Davies have a modern, well insulated house. But the energy that they use in their home and in the goods and services they produced for them is still polluting the atmosphere with about 47 tons of carbon dioxide a year. When they buy food and other goods, the Davies try to avoid taking some unnecessary packaging and try to use plastic bags more than once. They also send their bottles to be recycled in the bottle bank. But they are still contributing about 2, 5 tones of methane to atmospheric pollution because of the waste they produce.

They are using up to 12 disposal nappies a day. The nappies contain no bleach and are labeled "environment -friendly", but they contribute to a mounting rubbish pile. Helen would not change to old-fashioned terry nappies even though she knows that she is spending more and damaging the environment more by using the disposables. "It's a question of convenience," she said.

Market analysts now believe that convenience is the next battle ground for the environmental movement after the initial marketing success of "environment-friendly" products. Families like the Davies can do a great deal to protect the environment and probably save money in the process. But they, like the rest of us, must ask themselves whether they are prepared to lead a more Spartan life.

Adapted from The Sunday Times, Sept, 1989.

Part one: (14 points)

A) Reading comprehension: (7 points)

Read the text carefully than do the activities bellow:

1-Are there any interrogative sentences in the text if yes how many? (1 point)

<u>2-Answer these questions according to the text:</u> (2 points)

- Do the Davies care about the damages they cause to the environment?
- What makes them think about the sort of the world they'll leave for the next generation?
- What measures the Davies do to avoid the use of wasteful products?
- What is the market analysts' next battleground? 3- Read the 2nd and 3rd paragraphs to fill in the table with the necessary

information:

(2 points)

point)

| Products | Form of the pollution |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Useful energy at home | |
| Bottles / bags wastes | |
| Disposal nappies | |
| | |

| , | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|------|
| a) Persuaded=(§2) | b) Treated so as to be used again= | (§2) |

4- Find in the ext words or phrases that are closest in meaning to the following (1

5- Find in the text words or phrases that are opposite in meaning to the following: (1 point)

b) Failure#.....(§4)

B) Text Exploration:

1- <u>Put the correct form of the verbs between brackets</u>: (1 points)

c) Easier#.....(§2)

to/even/though/as a consequence/as:

- We shouldn't (to throw) rubbish everywhere. If you (to boil) water at 100 degrees centigrade, it (to evaporate).
 - If I (to be) a president, I would take measures to stop pollution.
- a).....Tsunamis.....earthquakes are devastating phenomena. b).....the area is menaced by repeated earthquakes, people continue to live there.

2- Fill in the blanks with one of the following link words: because of both and due

c).....hunger, many people fled their countries.

a) Important measures were taken by the government

c) At midnight, a violent earthquake awakened people.

- d) Pollution threatens people's health.....we suffer from a lot of sicknesses. e).....the ozone layer is depleting, the use of CFC's must be banned.
- f) The change of the world climate is......carbon dioxide emissions. 3- Reorder the following sentences to make a coherent paragraph: (1 point)
- b) It destroyed the whole town.
- d) To rescue and help the victims.
- 3 Complete the sentences of the column A with sentences from the column B :

Column a)I understand your point of view.

c)while I was waiting,

| 1st cullable | 21d adlabla | 2d adlabla | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Atmospheric - protect- unnecessary- country | | | | | | |
| 5- Put the stress on the following words: (1 point) | | | | | | |
| a) There was no nearing in the | building. 4) However 1 | John agree with you. | | | | |
| a) there was no heating in the | Dullaina. 141 Mowever 17 | aont agree with you. | | | | |

Column B

I rang the door bell.

I read a newspaper.

3) The students had to be sent home.

syllable

(1 points)

b)Even though I knew the house was empty,

Topic one:

Part two: (6 points)

Write a composition in which you suggest your own plan to save the environment starting from the rubbish you throw everyday from your home.

The following notes will help you:

Choose one of the following topics:

Topic two: "Water is life, and part of the environment", write a paragraph in which you suggest some

- measures to conserve this precious resource.
- -Building dams
- Water purification
- Dig wells

- Heighten people's awareness of water's importance.

Level: TCL School Year: 2011-2012

The correction of the final English exam

The text:

Every day we are bombarded with advice on how to change our lifestyles to protect the environment. But how much can the average family do? And is it worth the effort and cost?

Barry and Helen Davies live with their children in five bedrooms house. Like many families, they are concerned about the damage they do to the environment, and they would like to do more to become green consumers if they could be convinced it was worth it. The fact they have children has made them think even harder of what sort of world they will leave for the next generation. The Davies have a modern, well insulated house. But the energy that they use in their home and in the goods and services they produced for them is still polluting the atmosphere with about 47 tons of carbon dioxide a year. When they buy food and other goods, the Davies try to avoid taking some unnecessary packaging and try to use plastic bags more than once. They also send their bottles to be recycled in the bottle bank. But they are still contributing about 2, 5 tones of methane to atmospheric pollution because of the waste they produce.

They are using up to 12 disposal nappies a day. The nappies contain no bleach and are labeled "environment -friendly", but they contribute to a mounting rubbish pile. Helen would not change to old-fashioned terry nappies even though she knows that she is spending more and damaging the environment more by using the disposables. "It's a question of convenience," she said.

Market analysts now believe that convenience is the next battle ground for the environmental movement after the initial marketing success of "environment-friendly" products. Families like the Davies can do a great deal to protect the environment and probably save money in the process. But they, like the rest of us, must ask themselves whether they are prepared to lead a more Spartan life. Adapted from The Sunday Times, Sept, 1989.

Part one: (14 points)

Read the text carefully than do the activities bellow:

A) Reading comprehension: (7 points)

1-Are there any interrogative sentences in the text if yes how many? (1 point)

There are two

2-Answer these questions according to the text: (2 points) Do the Davies care about the damages they cause to the environment?

Yes they care

What measures the Davies do to avoid the use of wasteful products?

What makes them think about the sort of the world they'll leave for the next

generation?

Their children make them think......

They buy "friendly- environmental" products......

 What is the market analysts' next battleground? It's the environment- friendly products.

3- Read the 2nd and 3rd paragraphs to fill in the table with the necessary

Products

information: (2 points)

Useful energy at home

point)

| | Bottles / bags wastes | carbon dioxide | | | |
|---------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| | Disposal nappies | .contribute to a mounting rubish piles | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 4- <i>Fir</i> | nd in the ext words or phrases that are | closest in meaning to the following: (1 | | | |
| point) | | | | | |

Form of the pollution

Atmospheric pollution

- b) Treated so as to be used again= recycled (§2) a) Persuaded=convinced. (§2) 5- Find in the text words or phrases that are opposite in meaning to the following: (1
- c) Easier#.harder... (§2) b) Failure#.success..(§4)
- 1- Put the correct form of the verbs between brackets. (1 points)

B) Text Exploration:

If you boil water at 100 degrees centigrade, it evaporates

If I were a president, I would take measures to stop pollution.

We shouldn't throw rubbish everywhere.

to/even/though/as a consequence/as: a)Both Tsunamis and .earthquakes are devastating phenomena.

b) Even though the area is menaced by repeated earthquakes, people continue to live there.

c) Because of hunger, many people fled their countries. d) Pollution threatens people's health as a consequence we suffer from a lot of sicknesses.

2- Fill in the blanks with one of the following link words: because of/both/ and/due

- f) The change of the world climate is due to carbon dioxide emissions.
- 3 a) Important measures were taken by the government 2 b) It destroyed the whole town.

3- Reorder the following sentences to make a coherent paragraph: (1 point)

e) <u>As</u> the ozone layer is depleting, the use of CFC's must be banned.

- c) At midnight, a violent earthquake awakened people. 1
- Column a)I understand your point of view.

d) To rescue and help the victims.

b)Even though I knew the house was empty,

c)while I was waiting, The students had to be sent home. d) There was no heating in the building. 4) However I don't agree with you.

3 - Complete the sentences of the column A with sentences from the column B :

Column B

3[™] syllable

ATMOSPHERIC

I rang the door bell.

I read a newspaper.

C/ 2 3 D/ Atmospheric - protect- unnecessary-country

country

(1 points)

A/ B/

5- Put the stress on the following words: (1 point)

PROTECT

UNNECESSARY

Part two: (6 points) Choose one of the following topics:

2nd syllable

Topic one:

Write a composition in which you suggest your own plan to save the environment starting from the rubbish you throw everyday from your home.

1st syllable

Topic two: "Water is life, and part of the environment", write a paragraph in which you suggest some

- measures to conserve this precious resource.
- The following notes will help you: -Building dams
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heighten people's awareness of water's importance.